By: Representative Perry

To: Judiciary A

## HOUSE BILL NO. 865 (As Sent to Governor)

- AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 41-41-215, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE CONSENT PROVISIONS FOR CERTAIN PERSONS UNDER THE UNIFORM 1 3 HEALTH-CARE DECISIONS ACT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 5 SECTION 1. Section 41-41-215, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 6 amended as follows:
- 7 41-41-215. (1) Before implementing a health-care decision
- 8 made for a patient, a supervising health-care provider, if
- 9 possible, shall promptly communicate to the patient the decision
- made and the identity of the person making the decision. 10
- (2) A supervising health-care provider who knows of the 11
- 12 existence of an advance health-care directive, a revocation of an
- 13 advance health-care directive, or a designation or
- disqualification of a surrogate, shall promptly record its 14
- existence in the patient's health-care record and, if it is in 15
- writing, shall request a copy and if one is furnished shall 16
- arrange for its maintenance in the health-care record. 17
- (3) A primary physician who makes or is informed of a 18
- determination that a patient lacks or has recovered capacity, or 19
- 20 that another condition exists which affects an individual
- instruction or the authority of an agent, guardian, or surrogate, 2.1
- 22 shall promptly record the determination in the patient's
- health-care record and communicate the determination to the 23
- patient, if possible, and to any person then authorized to make 24
- health-care decisions for the patient. 25
- 26 (4) Except as provided in subsections (5) and (6), a
- 27 health-care provider or institution providing care to a patient

28 shall:

- 29 (a) Comply with an individual instruction of the
- 30 patient and with a reasonable interpretation of that instruction
- 31 made by a person then authorized to make health-care decisions for
- 32 the patient; and
- 33 (b) Comply with a health-care decision for the patient
- 34 made by a person then authorized to make health-care decisions for
- 35 the patient to the same extent as if the decision had been made by
- 36 the patient while having capacity.
- 37 (5) A health-care provider may decline to comply with an
- 38 individual instruction or health-care decision for reasons of
- 39 conscience. A health-care institution may decline to comply with
- 40 an individual instruction or health-care decision if the
- 41 instruction or decision is contrary to a policy of the institution
- 42 which is expressly based on reasons of conscience and if the
- 43 policy was timely communicated to the patient or to a person then
- 44 authorized to make health-care decisions for the patient.
- 45 (6) A health-care provider or institution may decline to
- 46 comply with an individual instruction or health-care decision that
- 47 requires medically ineffective health care or health care contrary
- 48 to generally accepted health-care standards applicable to the
- 49 health-care provider or institution.
- 50 (7) A health-care provider or institution that declines to
- 51 comply with an individual instruction or health-care decision
- 52 shall:
- 53 (a) Promptly so inform the patient, if possible, and
- 54 any person then authorized to make health-care decisions for the
- 55 patient;
- 56 (b) Provide continuing care to the patient until a
- 57 transfer can be effected; and
- 58 (c) Unless the patient or person then authorized to
- 59 make health-care decisions for the patient refuses assistance,
- 60 immediately make all reasonable efforts to assist in the transfer
- 61 of the patient to another health-care provider or institution that

- 62 is willing to comply with the instruction or decision.
- 63 (8) A health-care provider or institution may not require or
- 64 prohibit the execution or revocation of an advance health-care
- 65 directive as a condition for providing health care.
- 66 (9) If the patient who is an adult or emancipated minor has
- 67 been determined by the primary physician to lack capacity to make
- 68 <u>a health-care decision and an agent, guardian or surrogate is not</u>
- 69 <u>reasonably available, consent may be given by an owner, operator</u>
- 70 <u>or employee of a residential long-term health care institution at</u>
- 71 which the patient is a resident if there is no advance health-care
- 72 directive to the contrary and a licensed physician who is not an
- 73 owner, operator or employee of the residential long-term health
- 74 care institution at which the patient is a resident has determined
- 75 that the patient is in need of health care. This power to consent
- 76 <u>is limited to the terms of this subsection (9) and shall not be</u>
- 77 construed to repeal or otherwise affect the prohibition of Section
- 78 <u>41-41-211(9)</u> relating to owners, operators, or employees of
- 79 <u>long-term health care institutions</u>. The consent given pursuant to
- 80 this subsection shall be limited to the health care services
- 81 <u>determined necessary by the licensed physician and shall in no</u>
- 82 event include the power to consent to or direct withholding or
- 83 <u>discontinuing any life support, nutrition, hydration or other</u>
- 84 <u>treatment</u>, care or support. When consent is obtained under this
- 85 <u>subsection</u>, compliance with these requirements shall be stated in
- 86 the patient's health-care record.
- 87 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 88 and after its passage.